

Below is a chart regarding measles (MMR) vaccination by age

Age Group	Standard Recommendation	During a Measles Outbreak*
Infants 6–11 months	Not routinely recommended	1 dose if measles is circulating in children
Children 12–15 months	First dose of MMR vaccine	First dose of MMR vaccine as soon as possible
Children 4–6 years	Second dose of MMR vaccine	The second dose can be given early, at least 28 days after the first dose**
Adults born in 1957 or later (if you haven't had measles)	1 dose of MMR vaccine	Two doses of MMR vaccine, at least 28 days apart
Adults born before 1957 (68 years or older)	No MMR needed – most had measles and have immunity from the disease	Consider 1 dose of MMR vaccine if you don't have a positive measles titer
Healthcare personnel	2 doses of MMR vaccine or a positive measles titer	Ensure 2 doses of MMR vaccine or a positive measles titer
International travelers	2 doses of MMR vaccine	2 doses of MMR vaccine
College students	2 doses of MMR vaccine	Ensure 2 doses of MMR vaccine
If you are pregnant or planning to get pregnant in the next month	Should not receive MMR vaccine	Should not receive MMR vaccine

^{*} Currently there is no reported measles outbreak in Idaho.

THE MMR VACCINE IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR THE FOLLOWING PEOPLE:

- People who have had a severe allergic reaction after a previous dose or to a vaccine component
- People who have a known severe immunodeficiency
- IF YOU ARE PREGNANT OR PLANNING TO GET PREGNANT IN THE NEXT MONTH

^{**} There should always be at least 28 days between doses of MMR vaccine.